

NEWS RELEASE

Jeff Mays, Director

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Unemployment Rates Increase in Most Metro Areas

Jobs up in half the Metros

Not Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates

Metropolitan Area	May 2016	May 2015	Over-the- Year Change
Bloomington	5.2%	4.5%	0.7
Carbondale-Marion	6.1%	5.6%	0.5
Champaign-Urbana	5.1%	4.8%	0.3
Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights	5.5%	5.9%	-0.4
Danville	7.3%	6.5%	8.0
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL	5.4%	5.2%	0.2
Decatur	6.8%	6.5%	0.3
Elgin	5.3%	5.2%	0.1
Kankakee	6.5%	6.3%	0.2
Lake-Kenosha, IL-WI	4.9%	4.9%	0.0
Peoria	6.5%	5.8%	0.7
Rockford	6.6%	6.3%	0.3
Springfield	4.8%	4.8%	0.0
St. Louis (IL-Section)	5.8%	5.6%	0.2
Illinois Statewide	5.6%	5.7%	-0.1
* Data subject to revision.			

CHICAGO—A majority of Illinois' metropolitan (metro) areas experienced increases in their over-the-year unemployment rate and half of the metro areas had increases in nonfarm jobs, according to preliminary data released today by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) and the Illinois Department of Employment Security (IDES).

"While some metro areas saw job growth, too many didn't," said IDES Director Jeff Mays. "Key structural reforms can help the state grow more jobs as we sharpen our efforts to help unemployed job-seekers get back to work."

Illinois businesses added jobs in seven metro areas, in which the largest increases were seen in: Lake-Kenosha (+2.2 percent, +9,000), Rockford (+1.6 percent, +2,400), and Elgin (+1.2 percent, +3,000). Total nonfarm jobs in the Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights Metro Division increased (+1.3 percent or +45,900). Illinois businesses lost jobs in seven metro areas including Bloomington (-2.9 percent, -2,800), Carbondale-Marion (-1.6 percent, -900), and the Quad Cities (-1.5 percent, -2,700). The industry sectors recording job growth in the majority of metro areas

were: Education and Health Services (12 of 14), Retail Trade (10 of 14), Leisure and Hospitality (nine of 14), and Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities (eight of 14).

Not seasonally adjusted data compares May 2016 with May 2015. The not seasonally adjusted Illinois rate was 5.6 percent in May 2016 and stood at 12.2 percent at its peak in this economic cycle in January 2010. Nationally, the not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.5 percent in May 2016 and 10.6 percent in January 2010 at its peak. The unemployment rate identifies those who are out of work and looking for work, and is not tied to collecting unemployment insurance benefits.

Total Nonfarm Jobs (Not Seasonally Adjusted) - May 2016

ver-the-Year Change
-2,800
-900
200
45,900
-400
-2,700
-300
3,000
-500
9,000
-2,100
2,400
1,000
1,100
33,500

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Not Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates (percent) for Local Counties and Areas

			Over-
	May	May	the-Year
	2016	2015	Change
Champaign-Urbana MSA	5.1%	4.8%	0.3
Champaign County	5.2%	4.8%	0.4
Ford County	5.2%	4.7%	0.5
Piatt County	4.8%	4.5%	0.3
Danville MSA	7.3%	6.5%	0.8
Vermilion County	7.3%	6.5%	0.8
Cities			
Champaign City	5.2%	4.8%	0.4
Urbana City	5.7%	5.2%	0.5
Danville City	8.5%	7.1%	1.4
Counties			
Clark County	6.1%	5.5%	0.6
Coles County	6.5%	5.9%	0.6
DeWitt County	5.8%	5.0%	0.8
Douglas County	4.6%	4.3%	0.3
Edgar County	5.8%	5.6%	0.2
Iroquois County	5.2%	5.2%	0.0
McLean County	5.2%	4.4%	0.8
Macon County	6.8%	6.5%	0.3
Moultrie County	4.6%	4.0%	0.6
Sangamon County	4.8%	4.8%	0.0
Shelby County	5.7%	5.3%	0.4

East Central Illinois Highlights

Help Wanted

Area employers advertised for 4,300 positions in May and approximately 83 percent sought full-time employment, according to Help Wanted OnLine data compiled by the Conference Board, which is a global, independent business membership and research association. Employers actually need more workers than the help wanted advertising indicates because some industries, such as Construction, typically do not post advertised job openings. Employment opportunities were available in Transportation, Health Care, Sales, and Office Support occupations in the spring of 2016. Job openings were also advertised for Education, Computer. and Management occupations. Installation, Maintenance, and Repair workers were also in demand. Many jobs were advertised in Food Service, Engineering, and Production as well. Jobs were also available for Ground Maintenance workers this spring.

Champaign-Urbana MSA

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased to 5.1 percent in May 2016 from 4.8 percent in May 2015. In May 2016 there were an estimated 6,200 unemployed people in the labor force.

Non-farm employment increased from its year-ago level by +200. Education and Health Services (+600), Government (+500), Retail Trade (+300), and Construction (+100) recorded job gains. Information (-500), Wholesale Trade (-200), Manufacturing (-200), Professional and Business Services (-200), Leisure-Hospitality (-100), and Other Services (-100) recorded an employment loss from May 2015.

Danville MSA

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased to 7.3 percent in May 2016 from 6.5 percent in May 2015. In May 2016 there were an estimated 2,600 unemployed people in the labor force.

Non-farm employment decreased from its year-ago level by -400. Retail Trade (+200), Wholesale Trade (+100), and Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities (+100) recorded job gains. Manufacturing (-400), Professional-Business Services (-100), Leisure-Hospitality (-100), Other Services (-100), and Government (-100) recorded an employment loss since May 2015.

Note:

 Monthly 2015 unemployment rates and total non-farm jobs for Illinois metro areas were revised in February and March 2016, as required by the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Comments and tables distributed for prior metro area news releases should be discarded as any records or historical analysis previously cited may no longer be valid.